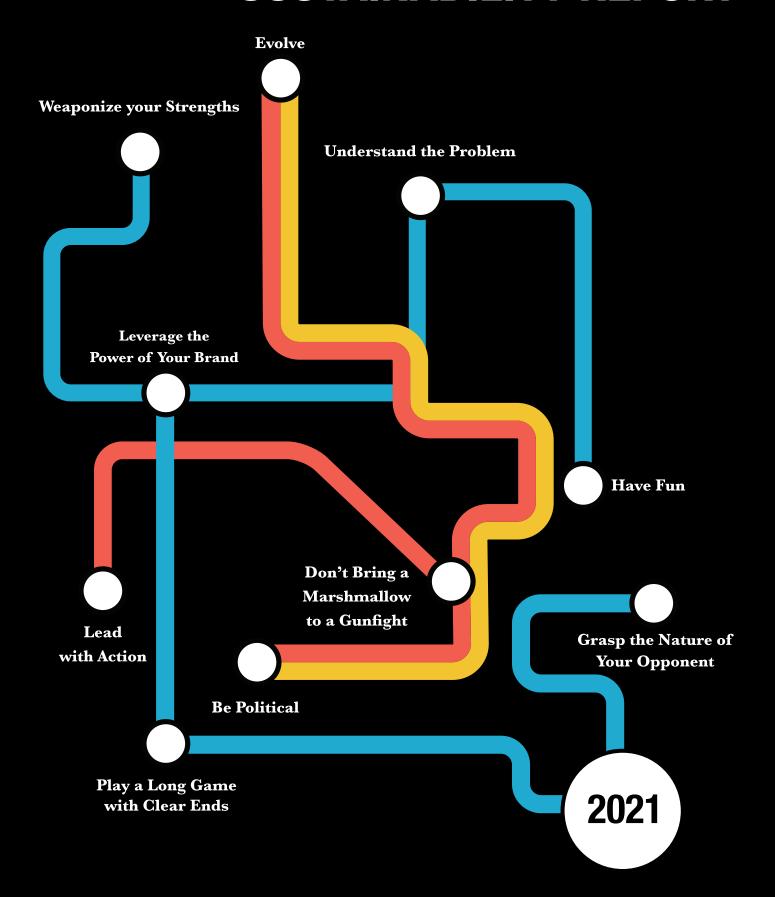
ASPEN SKIING COMPANY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT



ASPEN SKIING COMPANY SUSTAINABILITY STRATEGY

ASC's goal is "sustainability."
We define that as the ability to stay in business forever.

Our priorities are:

Climate Action

Equity, Acceptance and Diversity

Social Justice

Community Engagement

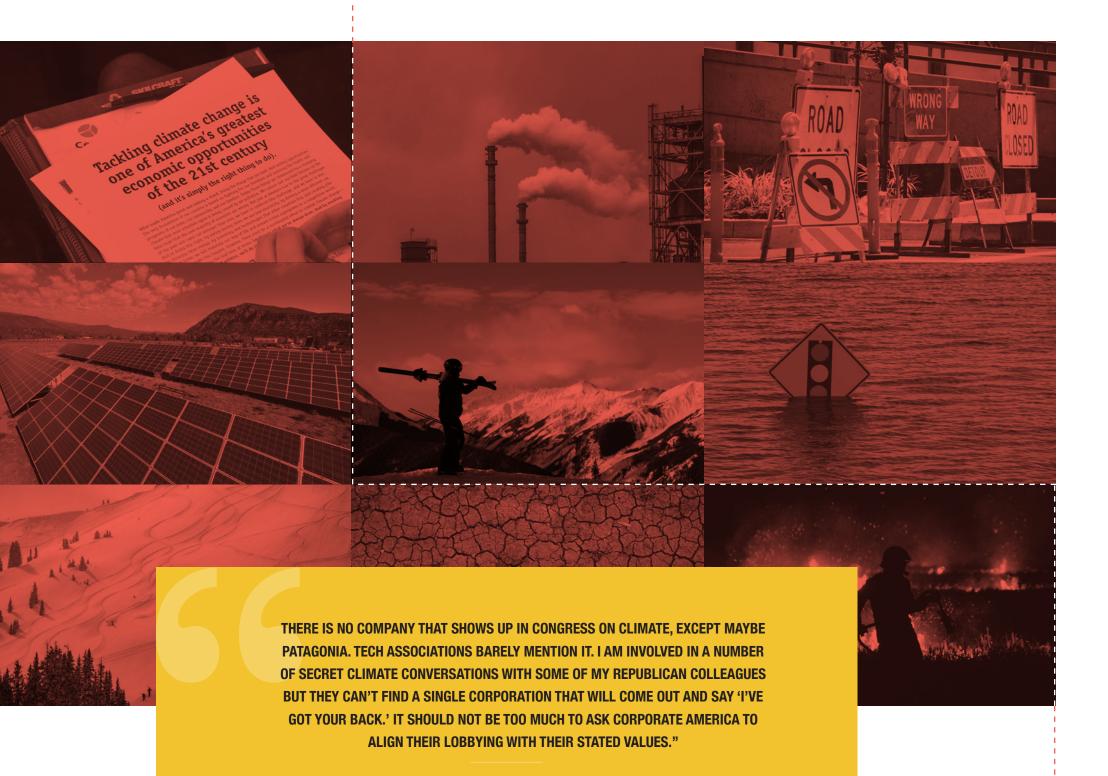


Our approach:

Develop world-leading models. We use our position, influence and media exposure to role-model large-scale, replicable, on-the-ground solutions for the world.

Wield our unique power, reach, media appeal, and influence to drive large-scale change. Corporate operational greening and ethical behavior is important but insufficient to achieve sustainability and social equity. Because climate, race, and other issues are systems problems, they require systemic solutions.

Communicate. We spread the word and educate the public and the business community by publishing, speaking at universities, and talking to the media to amplify our message and bring others on board.



SHELDON WHITEHOUSE

—U.S. SENATOR FROM RHODE ISLAND

WELCOME TO

Aspen Skiing Company's 2021 Sustainability Report, which describes a corporate strategy single-mindedly focused on challenging the status quo. It's set up as a manual, like what you'd consult to repair your old car.

Why do we care? Business as usual is putting us out of business. Climate change, in the form of persistent heat, drought, floods and fire, makes it feel like running a ski resort is living on borrowed time. Equity and justice gaps are tearing apart our communities. As of this writing, flooding on previously burned forest has washed out and destroyed one of the main access points to our valley—I-70 through Glenwood Canyon. The West is burning. Sierra-at-Tahoe had to use snowguns to fight fire. And the nation is setting temperature record after record, the consequences of which affect poor communities disproportionately. Something's got to change.

In the following pages, we'll showcase strategies that tackle these problems at scale. And we'll hopefully leave you, the reader, with a sense that this great battle is really no different from other existential fights in human history; that it is worthy; that it is winnable; that the rewards far, far exceed the costs; and that Aspen has a meaningful role to play in the fix.

UNDERSTAND THE PROBLEM— AND HELP OTHERS DO SO, TOO, IN A RUTHLESSLY CLEAR-EYED WAY

ou can't be in the ski and hospitality business forever if the climate warms more than a couple of degrees. And even if you're not snow-dependent, the disruptions to society will hit everyone's bottom line while tweaking equity even further out of whack. That means that to achieve sustainability, society needs to solve climate change.

To do that, we need to understand the distinction between appearing to solve the problem and actually solving it, which will require taking measures that dramatically bend the curve of emissions globally. That's hard to do, and requires serious thought...and backbone.

It was in the spirit of understanding that we created a grad-school level speaker series called Aspen U: to teach ourselves, employees and the community about sustainability.

Aspen U takes advantage of the fact that amazing people visit Aspen. On the cheap, we opportunistically host world-class speakers. The vision is that we'd be like the old Aspen: a place where you could talk to visiting luminaries in person, maybe even eat some pizza together.

In 2020, we hosted the leading climate activist in the world, Bill McKibben. His approach to the climate problem has been one of what he calls "silver buckshot." We should always be looking for new perspectives and trying things that seem right even if they may not work. That has led McKibben and colleagues to create a movement-building nonprofit (350.org), to launch a protest against the Keystone Pipeline as a rallying point and to keep carbon in the ground. (He won that fight!) He helped lead college divestment to take away social license

from the fossil fuel industry, and next focused on pressuring banks to pull out of fossil investments as a way to starve the carbon business. Bill never stops thinking, changing, and evolving. And through it all, he never fails to graciously credit and recognize others.



In 2021, we published an essay in the New York Times about the shortcomings of carbon neutrality as a systems solution, and that strategy's complicity with the fossil fuel industry.

The New York Times



<< McKibben, a fanatical cross country skier, had never alpine skied. He took three days of lessons with Erik "Yoda" DaRosa. By day two he was carving parallel turns. Those who skied with him report that he followed Erik down Grey Wolf at Snowmass laughing the whole time, every run.





GRASP THE NATURE OF YOUR OPPONENT

s the global economy developed after the industrial revolution, citizens didn't say: "I want transportation, home heating, cold beer and hot showers—but would you be sure to deliver those services in a way that ensures the future destruction of civilization?" But that's essentially what happened. At least initially, the fossil fuel industry didn't know the impacts of carbon emissions. But well before we had emitted planet-altering levels of carbon dioxide (remember that fully half of human greenhouse gas emissions have occured only since Al Gore's film An Inconvenient Truth, came out) records show that ExxonMobil and others knew exactly what the impacts were. And they very intentionally both hid the truth, and also captured politics to ensure that the fossil fuel economy was the only economy. You may drive an SUV, and we may run a ski resort, but none of us was involved in this structural decision. And the policymakers we elected were denied, or often intentionally confused about, the true impacts of fossil fuel combustions. As Naomi Oreskes has said: "The reason we are confused is that people have been trying to confuse us." Understanding this context helps us fight back.

If you were the industry that had shepherded a fossil-fuel based economy and wanted to maintain it to monetize the last remaining reserves, what would you do?

You'd ensure that citizens saw themselves as part of the problem you created rather than victims of a power structure. This would make them less likely to hold your business accountable. You'd create conditions so that powerful entities like famous people or corporations—would be afraid to act in political (read, powerful) ways for fear of being shamed, and that their own allies would attack them as hypocrites, even though they did not create the structures that demand fossil fuels.

doubt about the problem and the solution that you could air ads on TV touting your destructive business empire as the solution without getting laughed off the air, even while the overwhelming percentage of your budget continued to fund destruction.

You'd create enough

jeopardize the system in which you operated: it would emphasize voluntary action and the ability of the markets to solve the problem independent of government oversight. The role of business would be to undertake small, feel-good measures that don't scratch the surface, but which

You'd make sure that

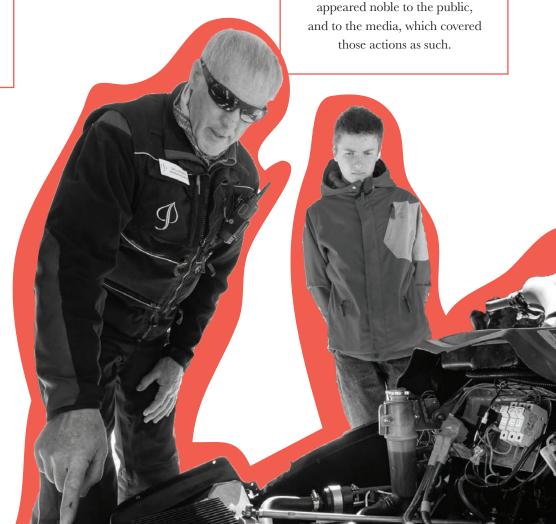
leadership thinking on

real solutions did not

How do you win a fight against such stacked odds?

First step: rethink your philosophy. Evolve.

>>> Upending an industry (kinda.)
Snowmass Lift Maintenance
Director Greg Hoffman and son Connor,
with the electric snowmobile
they built with ASC funding.





EVOLVE

t's not enough to know how to approach the problem, you have to evolve your tactics to reflect new understanding. When corporate sustainability first gained traction in the 80s and 90s with leadership from companies like Interface and the Body Shop, it was all about reducing your impact. And that's how ASC's programs began too, with a huge emphasis on energy efficiency and waste reduction. Early work involved the disposal of some 70 barrels of "mystery waste" which, when tested with a pipette, would yield a rainbow of unidentifiable but colorful liquids.

All this work had to be done. But it soon became clear that climate was a far more pressing threat. We knew, even then, that at some point, resorts would start permanently closing down due to lack of cold temperatures and snowfall, like Hidden Valley in New Jersey did; or closing lifts, due to lack of snow and glacial retreat, as Whistler had to do in 2020. And the problem only accelerated while businesses like ours pursued operational greening agendas without pushing on the policies or politicians that might actually fix the problem. To this day, the corporate approach to sustainability and climate has barely changed, but global greenhouse gas emissions continue to rise. As Extinction Rebellion has said: "Failure to do things differently when everything is failing can only be described as complicity." And yet the vast majority of businesses treat their operational impact reduction—cutting carbon footprint, going zero-waste—as their climate solution.

The only way to fix a systemic problem is a big picture fix. You must change the rules of the game. And that means wielding power.

Small v. Large

Can't we do both small, individual fixes like driving a Prius and carrying cloth bags to the grocery, and also work on the bigger picture? Yes of course we can. It's good life business and a moral obligation. But that's just what it is. Those measures—even at the corporate scale—are not climate solutions any more than firing a water pistol at a forest fire is a firefighting technique. To frame those actions as such is to miss our first point (pursue clear-eyed understanding).

As Benjamin Brewster said:

In theory, there is no difference between theory and practice.

In practice there is."

>>> The highest level pollution controls for diesel equipment in the U.S. are called "Tier IV." In 2021, 17 of our 29 Prinoth cats are "Stage V," a European standard that exceeds any U.S. regulation. In 2022/23, 25 will be Stage V. All cats will be Stage V by 2026 if technology or our fleet plan do not change. (Next: hydrogen?)



BE POLITICAL

n the fall of 2019 ASC staff and allies like extreme skier Chris Davenport spent an entire day on the hard plastic seats of the Pitkin County Commissioners' meeting room. We were there to testify in support of a five megawatt solar array planned for the upper Roaring Fork Valley. The project would add clean power to the grid locally, and, if eventually combined with storage, improve grid resiliency in Aspen, which almost lost power as a result of a wildfire in 2018.

The room was charged and uncomfortable, with dozens of opponents—many friends and colleagues of ours—citing the visual harm done by the project and opposing its impact on their property values and the natural beauty of the valley. Supporters testified to the need for clean energy everywhere, not just where it's politically feasible, and the necessity that communities say "YES in my backyard" to climate fixes. The project was unanimously approved, but the testimony and time spent in the room was hugely stressful, uncomfortable, and even ugly.

Historically, environmentalism has been a politics of NIMBYism (Not In My Back Yard). This has led good people to protest windmill development on Cape Cod, to oppose mother-in-law units next door, and to fight affordable housing in their neighborhoods. Being political often means uncomfortably challenging these seemingly acceptable positions. As the great third-baseman Nolan Aranado said about playing in bad weather: "You have to be comfortable being uncomfortable."

COVID CLIMATE SKIING

Here's the essential problem around global warming for the ski industry: if you cut off the last part of March, the industry stops looking like a business, because you eliminate a critical two weeks of profit, one of the busiest times of the year. Ski instructors and waiters miss prime earnings season. Hotels and restaurants suffer. Sadly, we've just run a beta test on that with COVID-19, which shut us down mid-March of 2020. And the reality is dismal. Our business got hammered, and so did our community: imagine being a ski instructor/waiter who depends on that time for most of your annual profit. When we lose revenue, it means we can't pay bonuses or 401k matches;

we have less money for on-mountain improvements in this capital-intensive industry: not just remodels or lift replacements, but energy efficiency retrofits and employee housing. Climate change threatens to create a world where COVID strikes every spring in the form of heat, and in the summer in the form of fire.

We can't let that happen.

>>> ASC Sustainability
Manager Hannah Berman
Zooming with Madame Speaker.

Hypocrites Unite!

The notion that a business like ours that has a large carbon footprint and operates luxury hotels (and where people sometimes, uh, spray champagne on each other) can't speak out on climate is precisely what the fossil fuel industry wants the public to believe. And they have been successful. The primary attack we receive when we speak out: you're hypocrites. You use energy too. But we live in a carbon economy. There is no entity that is pure, from Microsoft to UPS, even your local organic farmer. And importantly, most of us were not involved in the political

choices that created that carbon economy versus a cleaner one. So the answer isn't that people should feel bad and be politically silent because, after all, they are guilty too; or that businesses with huge followings and political power should remain quiet because of their "hypocrisy," and take on all the responsibility themselves. The answer instead is that all of us are obligated to advocate, to lobby, to protest, and to actually implement fixes to the larger system that decarbonize the whole enchilada. This is terrifying to the folks who created the fossilbased system, which is a good sign.



STEP 4 CONT: CASE STUDIES

Don't Wait to Advocate

Burton founder, later CEO and now board chair Donna Carpenter and her late husband Jake Burton were reluctant to speak out on climate before getting their house entirely in order. They felt they would get criticized as hypocrites since their supply chain and manufacturing had its own large impacts. But after engaging with Protect Our Winters, Donna realized that a business will never be perfect, and the climate problem won't wait. So Burton became one of the leading advocates for policy action on climate. Simultaneously, Burton greened their supply chain and production, and continues to do so.

But they didn't wait to advocate.

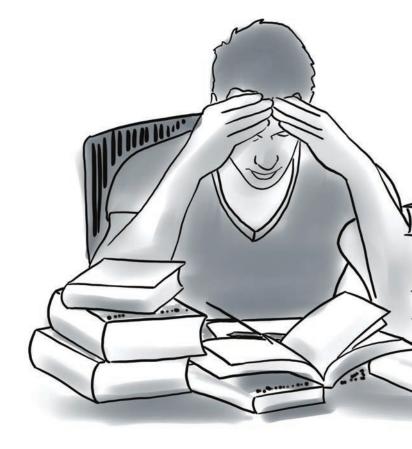


New Thinking

An example of a uniquely political approach—and a nonprofit that would be much higher-leverage for corporate funders than, say, land conservation groups—is the nonprofit Extinction Rebellion. It has re-thought the concept of environmentalism, and what constitutes or enables success.

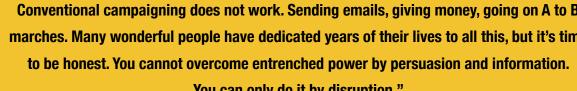
Extinction Rebellion was co-founded by Roger Hallam who studied the history of social movements and societal change to better understand how to solve the climate problem. He found that "history's most successful uprisings—from the American civil rights movement to the British suffragettes to the Arab Spring—had some key things in common.

"First, they were absolutely nonviolent. Second, they involved a critical mass of people gathering in a capital city, where the media and power reside. And third, they broke the law and got arrested." The group's strategy is based on deep research, including texts like Erica Chenowith's Why Civil Resistance Works, which studied hundreds of modern movements. In short: clarity of thought, data, and response to a failed strategy created a new one.



Conventional campaigning does not work. Sending emails, giving money, going on A to B marches. Many wonderful people have dedicated years of their lives to all this, but it's time to be honest. You cannot overcome entrenched power by persuasion and information. You can only do it by disruption."

— Extinction Rebellion's Roger Hallam





DON'T BRING A MARSHMALLOW TO A GUNFIGHT

That is the right way to fight a battle against overwhelming money in politics, superPACs, voter suppression, and fossil fuel's "capture" of government? Absent political reform, one of the few paths forward in the short term is try to win by playing the same game as the fossil fuel industry. The climate movement is going to need more and bigger superPACs. That's hard, in part because there was always more money in the fossil fuel industry than anywhere else. But there are two rapidly occurring changes: first, that industry's dominance is over, both as an economic force and as a portion of the S&P 500. At the same time, some members of that community have begun to use the huge wealth created by the fossil fuel industry to address the harm it has created. The Rockefeller Family, for instance, is attacking the business they started (Exxon) by bankrolling investigations into that company's decades-long suppression of climate science. Charges of hypocrisy aren't threatening their resolve.

Not As Effective

As Lukas Haynes, an ex-POW board member, fanatical skier, and Executive Director of the David Rockefeller Jr. Foundation has argued: "Corporations lobbying Congress doesn't mean much until they pay lobbyists to work members of Congress especially in support of a meaningful carbon bill. Remember who is in some of these climate coalitions: fossil fuel."

ASC Gets All Legalistic on Climate

Not that you asked, but here's how federal oil and gas leasing works: drilling companies bid, without competition, on tracts of land owned by the federal government, which is you. They get a screaming deal. Then they drill for oil or gas, or dig for coal, and historically, make a lot of money on that resource. Yes, they take on a risk to do it. And yes, they pay royalties on the extracted resource. And yes, we need and use the resource they extract. But remember also that their product causes societal harm in the form of air pollution and climate change. And those costs are not included in the leasing fees or the royalties. Moreover, fossil fuel extraction from public lands accounts for 25% of all U.S. greenhouse gas emissions: that's a BFD.



Why we are telling you all this is that Joe Biden thought that process was bogus.

American citizens were being hornswoggled, the drillers weren't paying their fair share, and the whole process needed review. And so, Biden's Interior Department paused all federal oil and gas leasing. In the review, the government will consider information like the fact that continuing to extract fossil fuels from the ground means we will fail to meet climate targets established in the Paris Accords.

Here's where Aspen Skiing Company comes in. When Biden announced the pause, he got challenged in court by two entities: the state of Wyoming, and a fossil fuel trade group called Western Energy Alliance. In such a situation, it is helpful for the defendant (the Biden Administration) to have supporters. Enter ASC. Two days before Earth Day, the law firm Public Justice filed a motion to "intervene" in first one, and later the second lawsuit, on behalf of a group of interested parties, including your-company-truly. ASC joined a range of partners, including outfitters, farmers, livestock operators, even Thistlewhistle Farms of Hotchkiss.





The above sounds hella complicated, no? And a company like ours had better be pretty careful before stepping in it, as we like to do. That's why we're grateful for ASC Attorney David Clark's exhaustive, multi-day review of our affidavit, followed by phone conversations with Neil Levine, Senior Attorney with Public Justice. The result was that ASC was able to put its money where its mouth is on climate, wielding the power of the snow sports industry to push back on policies that expand greenhouse gas emissions nationwide.*

We'll give the last word to Neil Levine: "Our clients are quintessentially western companies that view the administration's executive order as a relief to their economic interests. When Big Oil & Gas cry foul over a commonsense review of the impact of an open leasing of public lands that serves their profits alone, the law rightly allows the voices of these businesses that need this executive order to stand to also be heard."



LEVERAGE THE POWER OF YOUR BRAND

he question we get asked most by our employees: "how can I do meaningful work on climate and sustainability?" Our answer: "Get some friends. Sit down in a pretty place. And figure out the biggest source of your power." As we've discussed, businesses concerned about sustainability often play small-ball. But a business like Aspen Skiing Company has vast influence—it is internationally famous and widely covered in the media; it has powerful guests; and it's a leading voice in the outdoor industry.

From 2018 to 2020, ASC ran a three-year campaign called Give a Flake, designed to turn our marketing into meaningful climate activism. Give a Flake included tear-out postcards to senators, and national advertising on the need for aggressive climate action. Just as important as the campaign itself, however, was the press coverage.* Movement-building requires attention, and the more attention you can get, the more change you can drive.



^^^ One of ASC's Give a Flake campaign ads.









LEAD WITH ACTION

are at the top of the list. Transportation is now the largest source of U.S. greenhouse gas emissions, and buildings are in the same range if you include heating, cooling, construction, and embodied carbon in materials. This leads to a not entirely intuitive conclusion: while clean energy is a key carbon fix, equally important is...green, affordable housing. Housing demands are growing rapidly, forcing more workers to commute long distances from regions where they can afford to live, releasing carbon all the way. A solution is to build super-green, affordable housing closer to workplaces and near mass transit. This kills two climate birds with one stone.

In 2021, Aspen Skiing Company completed a 138-bed, \$18.5M worker housing project in Willits, directly adjacent to the bus line, a 25-minute ride to Aspen, and only a few minutes from our Basalt offices. The building—christened the Hub—is entirely electric and highly energy-efficient, with electric vehicle chargers and bike-share on site. Why electric? Doesn't that evoke your grandmother's house in Toledo, with its depressing baseboard heat and decorative gnomes lined up on shelves? When you heat a building with natural gas, that guarantees carbon emissions for the life of the structure. Use electricity and it gets greener every year as the grid adds renewables.

Speed Bumps

A few years ago, the resort now called Palisades Tahoe stopped selling bottled water, an action we've long contemplated but failed to implement. Some barriers we faced: concerns about restaurant revenue, where a manager depends on those sales to make budget (and earn their bonus), a budget we've already compromised by purchasing more expensive local beef... What about foreign guests who are scared of local tap water? What about our contract with Coke? These are all bad reasons not to make this move, but they are the types of conundrums you run into in the real corporate world. We still haven't gotten rid of bottled water, which is a completely unnecessary use of plastic, transportation fuel, and refrigerator space.



Why do you have a heating system at all?

Right after we gloriously announced we'd do this Willits project, energy guru Amory Lovins asked us why we had a heating system at all.



It just goes to show: there's always a step further if you're trying to solve the greatest problem of all time.



At 53,000 SF, The Hub at Willits is one of the first multi-family buildings in Colorado to go 100% electric.

The high efficiency space- and water- heating design is based on energy models showing equal annual utility costs as compared to natural gas, and a limited upfront premium. The system is paired with maxed-out rooftop solar PV that will directly cover 30% of the building's energy load.

The project received a \$100,000 Innovation Grant from the Community Office for Resource Efficiency, which will cover a third of the cost of the solar array.

The heat pumps use CO_2 instead of hydroflourocarbons, eliminating the use of a super greenhouse gas.

WEAPONISE YOUR STRENGTHS: THE POW STRATEGY

he NRA has five million members, two million of which are very active. With those small numbers, it owned its issue in Washington. Why? There's money involved, for sure, but analysis of the organization's success (until recently) shows it's more about engagement.

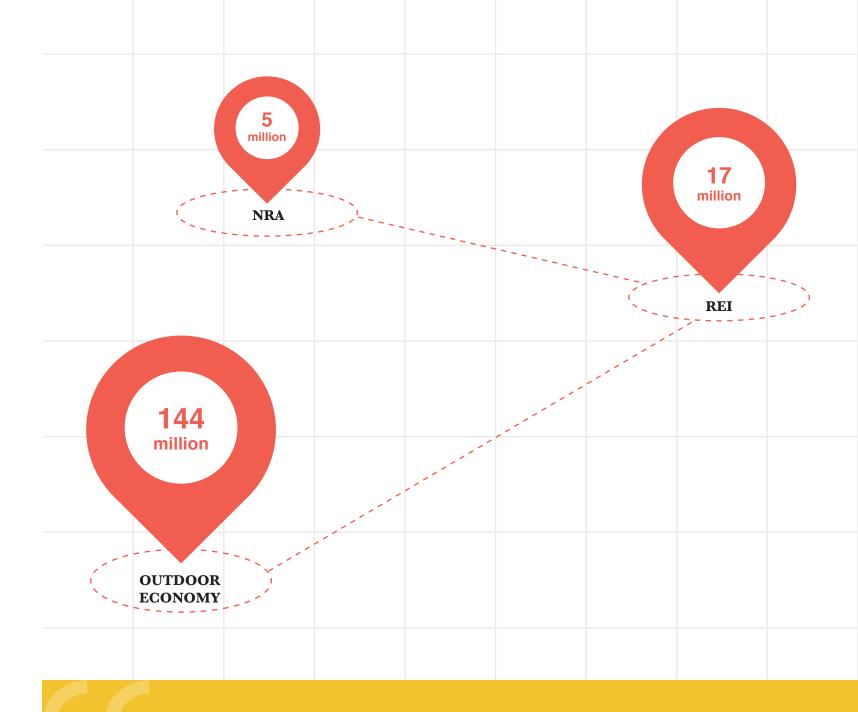
Hmmmm....where else are there incredibly rabid citizens who see their cause as their identity? Skiers and riders are fanatics, not just crazed but often also wealthy, young, energetic, and influential. And most care about the environment. What about size? REI, the outdoor retailer, alone has 17 million members. That's only a small part of the 144 million participants in the outdoor economy. What if you could weaponize all of them as political fighters?

In 2009 when Jeremy Jones of Protect Our Winters contacted Aspen Skiing Company's Auden Schendler to join his board, our company effectively secunded Schendler to the organization, to build the board, fundraise, and develop POW into a world-class activist group that could weaponize the outdoor industry around climate. Essentially helping to run an NGO from a corporate seat—this was a new thing.

POW mobilizes young, often politically disengaged outdoors people as critical new, incremental votes in key swing states. A test case was Jon Tester's 2018 Senate race in Montana. POW, Patagonia, and other groups activated outdoor industry voters in places like Missoula and Bozeman, using influential ourdoorspeople like alpinist Conrad Anker and fly-fisher Hilary Hutcheson. Tester won by 18,000 votes, a tiny margin. While it's hard to be sure how many votes this effort was able to deliver, the strategy seems right. In the 2020 election, POW applied that thinking in key swing states that have outdoor economies: Michigan,

Maine, Colorado, and Nevada, targeting climbing gyms, colleges, ski hills, outdoor shops, and social media. POW even placed ads in the Georgia Senate Race in 2021.





...what is needed today is not more leaders, a few men and women shaping our destiny, but more followers. What is needed are ordinary people: alert, informed, engaged, mobilized, idealistic but not naïve, critical but not hopeless, confident about who they are and what they want but able and inclined to work with all sorts of others, exercising rights won at enormous cost, starting with the right to vote. What is needed, in short, are more citizens, prepared to lead our leaders toward a more promising land."

- James Goodman

from his N.Y. Times review of
Kennedy and King: The President, the Pastor, and the Battle Over Civil Rights



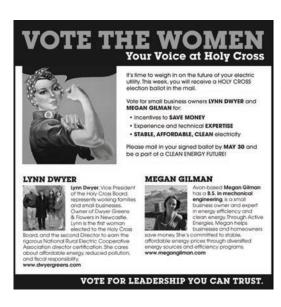
PLAY A LONG GAME WITH CLEAR ENDS

Then Aspen Skiing Company set its carbon targets over a decade ago we were pretty certain we wouldn't be able to meet them, modest though they were. The facts were simply that an energy-intensive industry with expanding needs for snowmaking, a growing hotel portfolio, and newer lifts can only achieve so much through energy efficiency and use reduction. That's why we became involved in elections for the board of our utility, Holy Cross Energy. The only way to have a prayer of reaching our goals would be to decarbonize our electricity supply. Part of the process was to find candidates and support their campaigns.

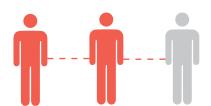
One woman we backed was Megan Gilman. Not only did she win, but she became the first elected female board president in the organization's history. But her tenure was not without challenge: "Are you getting anything out of this?" a male board member asked during a facility tour. Megan, an engineer, helped oversee huge transition at the utility, including hiring a climate scientist and ex-National Renewable Energy Lab staffer as CEO. And then something remarkable happened. Needing to fill a space on the Public Utilities Commission, the three-person body that wields enormous power over the future of Colorado electricity generation, Colorado's Governor chose Megan. Now, that commission will determine whether to retire Colorado's newest coal plant, among many other critical decisions about the future of the utility grid.

One Thing We've Learned

When you start a sustainability journey, you don't know how it will end. Often, it offers a garden of beneficial forking paths. In this case, our utility advocacy targeted at carbon emissions ended up advancing women's power and voice in the region by changing a historically all-male board to one that was almost half women. And that position became a stepping stone for even higher office, further advancing women's role in society.



A newspaper ad for two ASC endorsed
Holy Cross board candidates, designed and funded by ASC, which ran in a Colorado paper, among other media.



Progress

In the Spring, 2020 elections, ASC backed three more clean energy candidates. With the help of many partners, two of those candidates won and a third progressive with a similar platform filled the third seat.

Good Trouble

Find this story intriguing? Here's some deep background: a news article from the early days of our utility advocacy work.

Look at the level of discomfort and conflict. Look at the coded talk by clean energy opponents. And look at the percentage of clean power at the time. It took pain, awkwardness, and even personal offense to drive change. If it hurts, its probably meaningful. Or as Cormac McCarthy says:



"All things of grace and beauty such that one holds them to one's heart have a common provenance in pain."

HAVE FUN! THE SINGING CFO: RESILIENCE AND FLOURISHING IN CRISIS

Then COVID blew up, in addition to managing the terrifying unraveling of our business in mid-March 2020, Aspen Skiing Company CFO Matt Jones decided to record a song about the experience. Most would justifiably react in horror on hearing this: Excel Jedis rarely have rhythm. But Matt is different. He used to be a professional musician, touring with Edwin McCain. So Matt, also kind of a quant, figured out the newfangled mixing-board software, wrote some lyrics and music, and started recording. Then he thought: what if I tapped latent skill in the company? After all, many people have hidden talents. So Hannah, from Sustainability, sang harmony. Jonathan, who runs the ski school, played bass. Auden and Michael from Sustainability wrote lyrics. Auden's daughter Willa added a sax riff.

The result: "I'll see you."





You never seen a place like this my friend Cold wind blows straight through the wall So lonely, streets are all empty This must be the site of The Fall

And I'll see you, when I see you, see you again

Remember all those days of our complaints We got the time to miss them now Cut down, changes in the weather That sickle don't need a plow

And I'll see you, when I see you, see you again

This scene has only new romantics Stocking shelves and writing names No room for beauty down on Colfax Only time for hunger games

And I'll see you, when I see you, see you again And I'll see you, when I see you, see you again

There is no time for despair, no place for self-pity, no need for silence, no room for fear. We speak, we write, we do language. That is how civilizations heal."

> — Toni Morrison. on the role of artists

DISPATCHES FROM THE TRENCHES

WE'RE STILL IN THE TRENCHES EVERY DAY IMPROVING OUR COMPANY. HERE ARE SOME RECENT PROJECTS THAT SAVE MONEY AND GIVE US CREDIBILITY WHEN WE LOBBY IN WASHINGTON.





>>> ASC's partnership with Audi is about working together to promote electrification.

Hotel guests can borrow an e-tron for up to two hours to experience electrification for themselves.

MIT Skis Snowmass

In the winter of 2020-21 ASC hosted MIT's Sustainability Initiative. The group of 25 professors, green venture capitalists, and clean energy finance experts skied and held meetings, but also toured the Snowmass hydro plant, endured a short stream of consciousness lecture by Auden Schendler, and hosted a public talk by experts in environmentally and socially responsible business and meaningful carbon reduction. The event, held at the Limelight penthouse, featured Hawaiian shrimp, Chicken Sate, and an eclectic selection of community members, including a pro skier and a handbag maker. (!) Systems dynamics PhD John Sterman, who skied for the first time in 8 years, enjoyed a gin Martini before his talk ("a Martini is made with gin, period," he said).

Energy Retrofits:If it were easy they'd call it snowboarding.*

We replaced all the glass in our main headquarters—and there was a lot, including curtainwalls in places. We assumed we'd save a ton of natural gas. But, we didn't. Why? In part it's because we think the old glass let in a lot more than it let out (when sunny), meaning that less heating was required, even if occupants were uncomfortably hot. The new windows let even less heat out but let significantly less heat in, meaning we had to pick up that load with our boilers. (In theory, this should help with cooling, but we don't yet have summer data.) Also, the new glass does help with comfort: people no longer get heat-blasted by sun if they sit near windows. Buildings are systems, and systems are complicated.

*Famous old K2 bumper sticker but it was "Telemarking," not "Energy Retrofits." Snowboarders: no offense, just having fun here.

Stay True and Walk the Walk, Even While You Aim Higher

What's orange and round and abysmal for the environment?

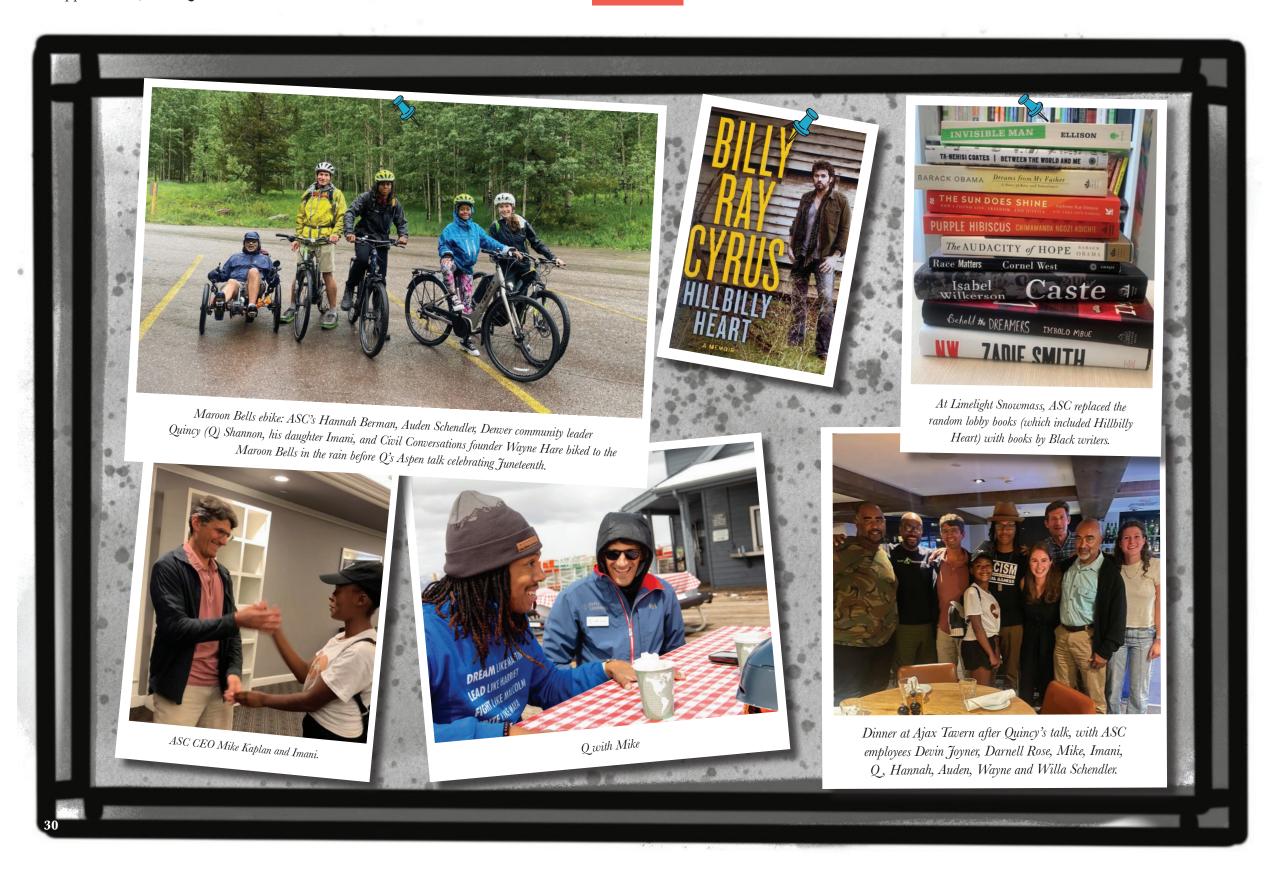
The Snowmass restaurant know as "Sam's" is at 10,000 feet, where it's really freaking cold outside, and where the kitchen typically vented a volume of heated air, steam and smoke equal to 8,000 basketballs each minute, and 11.52 million basketballs per day. The resulting energy bill and environmental impact was huuuuge! Thanks to the energy efficiency savvy of Director of Facility Operations & Energy Ryland French and Project Manager Dana Dalla Betta, smart controls now throttle back the exhaust, moving fewer basketball-equivalents with lower fan speeds based on temperature and smoke sensors, meaning less electricity to run fans, and less natural gas to heat makeup air. (The vents sense how many hamburgers are on the grill!) Estimated savings: 48,000 kWh of electricity, which equal 5 average homes' annual electricity usage, and 12,500 therms of natural gas which equals 12 homes annually. Don't speak engineer? (Eh, fine, but you don't get to play D and D with us on Saturday nights.) Let's talk money: Black Hills Energy, the Community Office for Resource Efficiency, and Holy Cross Energy, gave ASC a grand total of \$60k in rebates for the incredible energy savings on the building.

Black Lives in Aspen

In response to George Floyd's murder and a longstanding need to diversify our company, ASC embarked on a range of programs.



Snippets below, scan QR code for details.





BECOMING PATTIE GONIA

TUESDAY, JANUARY 29, 6-7 PM LIMELIGHT HOTEL ASPEN (DOORS OPEN AT 5:30 PM)





Be Aggressively Inclusive, and **Know You Can Always Do Better**

C You're entitled to live your life as a human on this planet on your own terms."

> -Rob Halford, lead vocalist, Judas Priest

In a famous study of prairie plots over 20 years, conservation biologist David Tilman showed a strong positive correlation between plant diversity within the community and the stability of the community as a whole. Access to diverse perspectives makes us more agile, resilient, and smarter. At the same time, we want as many constituencies as possible to be part of the Aspen experience, both our business and our climate movement work. So inviting environmental drag queen Pattie Gonia to Aspen U was a no-brainer.

PHILANTHROPY: FROM HELMETS TO HEALTH CARE











Aspen Skiing Company's community philanthropy supports a wide range of causes, from a mobile preschool, to veterans programs, to health care and dental care for low income residents. The bulk of our donations are in-kind, such as hotel stays for school silent auctions and helmets for Ski Noir in Denver. And there's method to our madness: we focus on the environment, health care, mental health, child care, and education, trying to tackle root causes of issues.

And we have three super cool foundations, each founded and run by employees. The vision: to engage employees in the community and in causes, to empower them to act as philanthropists, and to deepen our connection to our communities.

\$3,664,773

\$3,546,586

\$3,908,262

Of the total, the Environment Foundation gave out \$218,230 in 2018, \$186,943 in 2019 and \$247,347 in 2020.

The foundations give grants and their budgets consist of employee donations that are matched by Aspen Skiing Company's Family Fund, by Aspen Community Foundation (Thank you), and again partially by our coffee partner Lavazza (Thank you too).

MEET HANNAH BERMAN: SENIOR MANAGER SUSTAINABILITY & PHILANTHROPY

Hannah manages sustainability programs, philanthropy, and initiatives to promote racial and gender equity.

She is also the Executive Director of the Environment Foundation, which has donated more than \$3.9 million since its inception to fight climate change, bolster clean energy at scale, and foster environmental stewardship.

Previous roles include:

water lead-tester (recommendation: avoid the lead)

cake baker (record: 16 lbs of butter)

environmental consultant (conclusion: not enough skiing included)

She studied economics and environmental studies at Bowdoin College, with a minor in education. While on campus, she helped lead the "Diversity Matters" program, doing research and writing articles about how race and class affect students' campus experience. Abroad in Tanzania, India, and Italy, she studied food systems and politics. As an advocacy and legislative intern, she analyzed 192,000+ public comments on the Katahdin Woods and Waters National Monument, researched the economic impacts of energy legislation and a plastic bag ban, and analyzed congressional contribution data.



2018-2020 CONSUMPTION CO₂ EMISSIONS

		2018		2019	
MEDIA		UNITS (GALLONS)	CO ₂ (TONS)	UNITS (GALLONS)	CO ₂ (TONS)
FUEL (GAS + DIESEL)	Aspen Mountain Aspen Highlands Buttermilk Snowmass	74,158 38,394 107,781 185,749	820 424 1,122 2,016	84,849 48,923 120,297 208,235	939 543 1,267 2,260
	SUBTOTAL	406,082	4,388	462,304	5,008
SNOWMAKING	Aspen Mountain Aspen Highlands Buttermilk Snowmass	60,086,000 13,394,831 65,412,326 110,832,493	38 RAW WATER RAW WATER RAW WATER	54,807,640 14,715,961 57,438,000 101,052,206	35 RAW WATER RAW WATER RAW WATER
	SUBTOTAL	249,725,650	38	228,013,807	35
		UNITS (kwh)	CO ₂ (TONS)	UNITS (kwh)	CO ₂ (TONS)
ELECTRICITY	ASC: Holy Cross SM Base Village: Holy Cross (BTU Sub-Meter for Chilling) Limelight Ketchum: Idaho Power The Little Nell: Holy Cross Limelight Snowmass Limelight Aspen: City of Aspen City of Aspen AABC: Holy Cross Xcel	18,690,788 69,017 1,051,360 3,355,100 NA 846,300 309,583 139,264 83,561	12,429 46 339 2,231 NA 2 1 93 55	20,053,088 231,773 1,093,600 3,149,180 1,033,280 828,592 292,597 107,032 NA	11,029 127 357 1,732 568 2 1 59
	SUBTOTAL	24,544,973	14,857	26,789,142	13,875
MUNICIPAL H ₂ 0	SUBTOTAL Mid-Valley Water Carbondale Water Aspen Muni The Little Nell Limelight Ketchum Limelight Aspen SM on Mountain - Wat and San	24,544,973 UNITS (GALLONS) 6,877,301 623,000 5,459,000 10,655,000 3,042,000 5,570,000 4,021,800	14,857 CO ₂ (TONS) 4 0 3 7 2 4 3	26,789,142 UNITS (GALLONS) 4,800,564 NA 6,094,591 9,080,000 3,606,000 4,730,000 4,487,150	13,875 CO ₂ (TONS) 3 NA 4 6 2 3 3
MUNICIPAL H ₂ 0	Mid-Valley Water Carbondale Water Aspen Muni The Little Nell Limelight Ketchum Limelight Aspen	UNITS (GALLONS) 6,877,301 623,000 5,459,000 10,655,000 3,042,000 5,570,000	CO ₂ (TONS) 4 0 3 7 2 4	UNITS (GALLONS) 4,800,564 NA 6,094,591 9,080,000 3,606,000 4,730,000	CO ₂ (TONS) 3 NA 4 6 2 3
MUNICIPAL H ₂ 0	Mid-Valley Water Carbondale Water Aspen Muni The Little Nell Limelight Ketchum Limelight Aspen SM on Mountain - Wat and San	UNITS (GALLONS) 6,877,301 623,000 5,459,000 10,655,000 3,042,000 5,570,000 4,021,800	CO ₂ (TONS) 4 0 3 7 2 4 3	UNITS (GALLONS) 4,800,564 NA 6,094,591 9,080,000 3,606,000 4,730,000 4,487,150	CO ₂ (TONS) 3 NA 4 6 2 3 3
MUNICIPAL H ₂ 0 NATURAL GAS	Mid-Valley Water Carbondale Water Aspen Muni The Little Nell Limelight Ketchum Limelight Aspen SM on Mountain - Wat and San	UNITS (GALLONS) 6,877,301 623,000 5,459,000 10,655,000 3,042,000 5,570,000 4,021,800 36,248,101	CO ₂ (TONS) 4 0 3 7 2 4 3	UNITS (GALLONS) 4,800,564 NA 6,094,591 9,080,000 3,606,000 4,730,000 4,487,150 32,798,305	CO ₂ (TONS) 3 NA 4 6 2 3 3 21
	Mid-Valley Water Carbondale Water Aspen Muni The Little Nell Limelight Ketchum Limelight Aspen SM on Mountain - Wat and San SUBTOTAL Aspen Skiing Company The Little Nell Snowmass Base Village Limelight Ketchum Limelight Aspen	UNITS (GALLONS) 6,877,301 623,000 5,459,000 10,655,000 3,042,000 5,570,000 4,021,800 36,248,101 UNITS (MMBTU) 42,797 26,387 3,643 8,611 7,729	CO ₂ (TONS) 4 0 3 7 2 4 3 CO ₂ (TONS) 2,525 1,557 215 508 456	UNITS (GALLONS) 4,800,564 NA 6,094,591 9,080,000 3,606,000 4,730,000 4,487,150 32,798,305 UNITS (MMBTU) 44,924 29,016 3,643 9,822 9,405	CO ₂ (TONS) 3 NA 4 6 2 3 3 21 CO ₂ (TONS) 2,651 1,711.94 215 580 554.90
	Mid-Valley Water Carbondale Water Aspen Muni The Little Nell Limelight Ketchum Limelight Aspen SM on Mountain - Wat and San SUBTOTAL Aspen Skiing Company The Little Nell Snowmass Base Village Limelight Ketchum Limelight Aspen Limelight Snowmass	UNITS (GALLONS) 6,877,301 623,000 5,459,000 10,655,000 3,042,000 5,570,000 4,021,800 36,248,101 UNITS (MMBTU) 42,797 26,387 3,643 8,611 7,729 NA	CO ₂ (TONS) 4 0 3 7 2 4 3 CO ₂ (TONS) 2,525 1,557 215 508 456 NA	UNITS (GALLONS) 4,800,564 NA 6,094,591 9,080,000 3,606,000 4,730,000 4,487,150 32,798,305 UNITS (MMBTU) 44,924 29,016 3,643 9,822 9,405 15,054	CO ₂ (TONS) 3 NA 4 6 2 3 3 21 CO ₂ (TONS) 2,651 1,711.94 215 580 554.90 888.19
NATURAL GAS	Mid-Valley Water Carbondale Water Aspen Muni The Little Nell Limelight Ketchum Limelight Aspen SM on Mountain - Wat and San SUBTOTAL Aspen Skiing Company The Little Nell Snowmass Base Village Limelight Ketchum Limelight Aspen Limelight Snowmass SUBTOTAL	UNITS (GALLONS) 6,877,301 623,000 5,459,000 10,655,000 3,042,000 5,570,000 4,021,800 36,248,101 UNITS (MMBTU) 42,797 26,387 3,643 8,611 7,729 NA 89,167	CO ₂ (TONS) 4 0 3 7 2 4 3 CO ₂ (TONS) 2,525 1,557 215 508 456 NA 5,261	UNITS (GALLONS) 4,800,564 NA 6,094,591 9,080,000 3,606,000 4,730,000 4,487,150 32,798,305 UNITS (MMBTU) 44,924 29,016 3,643 9,822 9,405 15,054 111,864	CO ₂ (TONS) 3 NA 4 6 2 3 3 21 CO ₂ (TONS) 2,651 1,711.94 215 580 554.90 888.19 6,600

2020

2020				
UNITS (GALLONS)	CO ₂ (TONS)	CONVERSIONS		
71,319 31,248 99,962 161,035	784 345 1,056 1,736	22.38 LBS CO ₂ /Gal: Diesel 18.87 LBS CO ₂ /GAL: B20 19.59 LBS CO ₂ /GAL: Gasoline		
363,564	3,921			
67,403,000 13,680,825 62,402,000 85,764,487	43 RAW WATER RAW WATER RAW WATER	.0000006308 tons CO ₂ /gal		
229,250,312	43			
UNITS (kwh) 22,623,966 264,387 1,091,040	9,615 112 459	2018: 0.005 lbs CO ₂ /kWh City of Aspen 0.644 lbs CO ₂ /kWh Idaho Power 1.308 lbs CO ₂ /kWh Xcel 1.33 lbs CO ₂ /kWh: Holy Cross		
2,762,040 867,400 784,110 255,356 96,844 NA	1,174 369 2 1 41 NA	2019: 0.652 lbs CO ₂ /kWh Idaho Power 0.005 lbs CO ₂ /kWh City of Aspen 0.85 lbs CO ₂ /kWh: Holy Cross 2020: 0.652 lbs CO ₂ /kWh Idaho Power 0.005 lbs CO ₂ /kWh City of Aspen		
28,745,143	11,773	0.85 lbs CO ₂ /kWh: Holy Cross		
UNITS (GALLONS) 8,071,842 NA 5,773,687 8,228,000 3,299,000 3,360,000 5,050,550	CO ₂ (TONS) 5 NA NA 5 2 2 3	0.0000006308 tons of CO ₂ /gallon		
33,783,079	21			
96,069 25,606 3,643 8,749 7,793 9,114	CO ₂ (TONS) 5,668 1,510.75 215 516 459.79 537.73	0.059 Tons CO ₂ /MMBTU		
150,974	8,907			
3,140	20	0.00637 tons/gallon		
	24,686			

2020

TOTAL NUMBER OF SKIERS: 1,355,832

TONS CO₂ PER SKIER 0.018

2019

TOTAL NUMBER OF SKIERS: 1,677,876

TONS CO₂ PER SKIER 0.015

2018

TOTAL NUMBER OF SKIERS: 1,315,700

TONS CO₂ PER SKIER 0.019

COMPANY-OWNED ELECTRICITY GENERATION FACILITIES (2020)

TYPE	FACILITY	REVENUE	UNITS	CONVERSION	CO ₂ (TONS)
SOLAR POWER	CRMS 147kW SOLAR PLANT	\$11,104.16	118,960 kWh	-1.308 lbs CO ₂ /kWh Xcel	-78
MICRO HYDRO	FANNY HILL AT SNOWMASS 115 kW MICRO HYDRO PLANT	\$7,391.91	76,400 kWh	-1.1 lbs CO ₂ /kWh Holy Cross	-51.425
COAL MINE METHANE	SOMERSET, CO ELK CREEK MINE 3MW COAL MINE METHANE PLANT	\$1,758,057	20,987,042 kWh	-6.89 lbs CO ₂ /kWh Holy Cross	-72,300

Clean power generated by the above ASC owned facilities is sold to electric utilities. We don't get the power and we can't claim the emissions reductions. That said, these projects would not have been developed without ASC involvement, and that's what matters to us.

ASPEN SKIING COMPANY EMISSIONS: 2000-2020



In 2013 ASC sold the Snowmass Club. As a result CO_2 emissions data from 2000-2013 was adjusted to remove Snowmass Club emissions. Since 2000 ASC acquired the Limelight Hotel, replaced and added lifts, and added new facilities. Despite these additions ASC's emissions have declined since 2000.



This picture doesn't represent the actual diversity of ASC's employee base, but it's the direction we're headed.



13th Edition
aspensnowmass.com/discover/sustainability
Illustrations by Margaret McLain